

SB0170S03 compared with SB0170S01

~~{Omitted text}~~ shows text that was in SB0170S01 but was omitted in SB0170S03

inserted text shows text that was not in SB0170S01 but was inserted into SB0170S03

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Vitamin K Amendments
2026 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Jen Plumb
House Sponsor: Raymond P. Ward

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill addresses ~~{the administration of}~~ vitamin K for newborn infants.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ requires a health care provider ~~{and}~~ or unlicensed ~~{direct-entry}~~ midwife to ~~{administer}~~ educate a parent regarding the administration of vitamin K to a newborn infant;
- ▶ provides a process for a parent to decline administration of vitamin K; and
- ▶ defines terms.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

ENACTS:

26B-4-327 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

SB0170S01

SB0170S01 compared with SB0170S03

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section 1 is enacted to read:

26B-4-327. Vitamin K newborn administration.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403.

(b) "Unlicensed direct-entry midwife" means a direct-entry midwife that is not licensed under Title 58, Chapter 77, Direct-Entry Midwife Act.

(2) A health care provider or unlicensed direct-entry midwife that provides care to a mother during the birth of a child shall provide a full and clear explanation of the reason for vitamin K administration and the risks of possible adverse health outcomes for a newborn that does not receive vitamin {K and, except as described in Subsection (3):} K.

~~{(a) {directly administer vitamin K to a newborn infant within 24 hours after the birth; or} }~~

~~{(b) {arrange for an individual that is legally authorized to administer the vitamin K to a newborn to do so within 24 hours after the birth.} }~~

(3) A parent may decline to consent to the administration of vitamin K described in {Subsection (2)} this section if the parent signs a form acknowledging that the parent understands the reason for vitamin K administration and the risks of possible adverse health outcomes.

(4) The form described in Subsection (3) shall be part of the newborn infant's medical record.

Section 2. **Effective date.**

Effective Date.

This bill takes effect on May 6, 2026.

2-24-26 11:05 AM